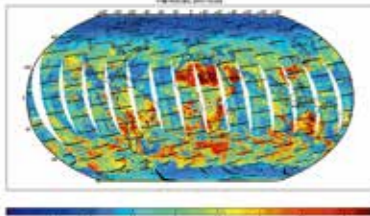


## Research Group of New Generation Space-Borne Optical Payloads with High Accuracy for Atmospheric Exploration Shanghai Institute of Technical Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences



风云四号卫星干涉式大气垂直探测仪和扫描辐射成像仪  
Geosynchronous Interferometric Infrared Sounder (GIIRS) and  
Advanced Geosynchronous Radiation Imager (AGRI) on-board FY-4 Satellite



ERM全谱段辐射图  
Total Wave Radiance Image from Earth Radiation Measurement Unit

Aiming at the commanding heights of international remote sensing competition, this research group has been focused on the strategic requirements from the meteorological domain and atmospheric probing. By breaking through key technology of three-dimensional atmospheric optical sensing with high accuracy, they complete the design and fabrication of almost all space-borne main optical payloads for meteorological detection successfully. A technical system for developing optical payloads of meteorological satellites has been established. The group developed GIIRS, which is the first high spectral sounder ever flown in geostationary orbit, with the spectral resolution of 0.625cm-1. The rapid observing hyper-spectral atmospheric sounding technology with high accuracy fills the gap in three-dimension fine remote sensing. The international meteorological community is eager to use this new type of data GIIRS gained. This group has accomplished significant contributions in upgrading and updating national atmospheric probing technology, and exceeding the international level progressively. The technology will play an irreplaceable role on atmospheric frontier sciences.

### Outstanding contributors of this research group

#### Ding Lei

As the team leader of the research group, he focused on system frame work research, and accomplished payloads including spectral imager, interferometric sounder, infrared radiometer. He leads the group making great breakthrough in the technology of meteorological sensors.

#### Hua Jianwen

He broke through the critical technology of interferometer working in space, established the technical system on designing and fabrication of infrared interferometer. He applies the infrared hyper-spectral technology on meteorological satellites.

#### Yin Dekui

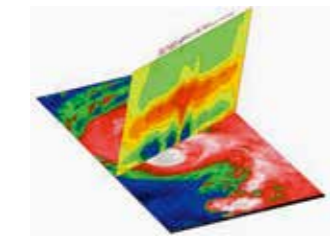
He developed the technology of polarization imaging with large field of view, and applied the technology on atmospheric probing. He made breakthrough of three-dimension probing for low orbit meteorological satellites.

### Major contributors

- Ding Lei
- Hua Jianwen
- Yin Dekui
- Wang Xianghua
- Niu Xinhua
- Wang Ganquan
- Chai Jinguang
- Hong Xiaojun
- Dong Deping
- Chen Yongping
- Li Xiangyang
- Wu Yinong
- Yuan Jie
- Han Changpei
- Liu Yunmeng
- Wang Nili
- Yuan Honghui
- Li Libing
- Shen Xia
- Qi Gongqi



风云三号卫星红外分光计  
InfraRed Atmospheric Sounding Interferometer (IRAS) on-board FY-3 satellite



红外分光计获取的台风三维大气温度廓线  
Three-dimensional Atmospheric temperature profile of Typhoon from IRAS



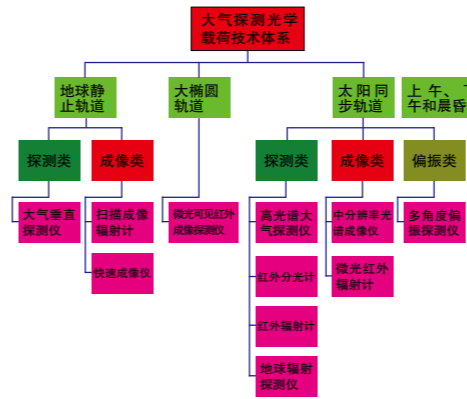
风云三号卫星中分辨率光谱成像仪  
MEdium Resolution Spectral Imager (MERSI) on-board FY-3 satellite



中分辨率光谱成像仪获取的全球影像镶嵌图  
Global Image Mosaic from MERSI of FY-3 satellite



本研究集体主要成员  
Members of the Research Group



### 新一代星载高精度大气探测光学载荷技术研究集体

推荐单位：中国科学院上海技术物理研究所

大气探测光学载荷技术体系  
Technical system of space borne optical payloads for atmospheric sensing



丁雷 Ding Lei



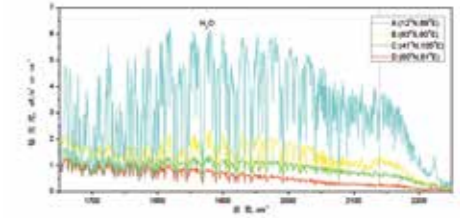
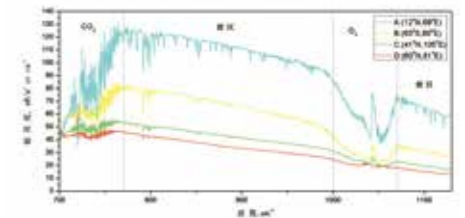
华建文 Hua Jianwen



殷德奎 Yin Dekui

| 探测能力  | FY-4A   | GCOM-W  | MTSAT-3   |
|-------|---|---|---|
| 探测波段  | 可见光/近红外/短波红外/中波红外/长波红外/微波                                 | 可见光/近红外/短波红外/中波红外/长波红外                                    | 可见光/近红外/短波红外/中波红外/长波红外                                    |
| 探测分辨率 | 235m (可见光/近红外), 370m (短波红外), 500m (中波红外), 1000m (长波红外)    | 235m (可见光/近红外), 370m (短波红外), 500m (中波红外), 1000m (长波红外)    | 235m (可见光/近红外), 370m (短波红外), 500m (中波红外), 1000m (长波红外)    |
| 探测精度  | ±1.5% (可见光/近红外), ±2.0% (短波红外), ±2.5% (中波红外), ±3.0% (长波红外) | ±1.5% (可见光/近红外), ±2.0% (短波红外), ±2.5% (中波红外), ±3.0% (长波红外) | ±1.5% (可见光/近红外), ±2.0% (短波红外), ±2.5% (中波红外), ±3.0% (长波红外) |
| 探测速度  | 10000 frames/s  | 10000 frames/s  | 10000 frames/s  |
| 探测范围  | 全球/极区   | 全球/极区   | 全球/极区   |
| 探测时间  | 24h   | 24h   | 24h   |
| 探测数据  | 10000 frames/s  | 10000 frames/s  | 10000 frames/s  |

风四性能同类卫星对比  
Comparison for the state of art geostationary meteorological satellites



大气垂直探测仪获取的大气光谱图  
Atmospheric spectrum from GIIRS